

F90 read routine for DOMINO HDF4 data file

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The program discussed here reads a DOMINO HDF4 data file, constructed with the IDL (`convert_hdfeos_hdf.pro`) or F90 (`main.exe` to be compiled from the `DOMINO_he5_hdf4_converter.tar` package) conversion routines that convert HDF-EOS5 DOMINO files into the standard HDF4 format used by www.temis.nl for GOME, SCIAMACHY, and GOME-2 NO₂ datafiles.

First download `DOMINO_hdf4_reader.tar`, and untar by typing

```
>tar -xvf DOMINO_hdf4_reader.tar.
```

Then to compile and run the fortran90 code successfully, users will need the HDF libraries. These can be obtained from <http://hdf.ncsa.uiuc.edu/>, then click HDF4 or DOWNLOADS. Once the libraries have been installed, the code can be compiled on a linux workstation by typing:

```
>make
```

This will produce an executable called `readomino2.exe`. The executable can be run by typing:

```
>readomino2.exe
```

The program `main.f90` expects a user-defined filename (the one specified in the code should be replaced by the user), and then processes all orbits stored in the `no2trackyyyyymmdd.hdf` file. Upon reading, the data are stored in a structure called `omiNO2Track`. In the sample code we read in one day of data, and select only mostly-clear (`omiNO2Track%cloudradfrac < 50`, or `omiNO2Track%fltrop = 0`) pixels over the approximate region of the Netherlands, and subsequently print out some basic properties of these pixels. Users can print any other fields of the structure `omiNO2Track`, as specified at the end of subroutine `OmiReadTrack` in `no2omiread.f90`.

There are a few minor things to be aware of when using the code for reading in DOMINO data in the HDF4 format. Before 1 February 2006, the DOMINO system has been using a 35-layer definition in TM4 based on interpolated ECMWF meteorological fields. Therefore, in `no2omiread.f90`, the fixed parameter called `nr_pressures` has been set to a value of 35. For datafiles with a date past the date of 1 February 2006, the number of layers has been changed (from 35 to 34) due to the ECMWF transition to a 91-layer grid, that was optimally interpolated to 34 layers for application to TM4 (also see Product Specification Document). This change can be easily addressed by replacing the `nr_pressures` with the value 34 when using DOMINO data for days later than 1 February 2006.